Our BLACK & WHITE guide

ENGLAND





imagine



On the 15 June 2022 some big changes to the thermal efficiency requirements of buildings – in particular new build dwellings came into effect.

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The copyright of this manual remains the property of VEKA plc this document may not be copied or used for any other purpose other than its intended use without the prior written consent of VEKA plc. All calculations contained within this document are completed in accordance with BS EN ISO 10077-2; Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters – calculation of thermal transmittance.

All calculations are processed via Winlso ®[Version 2.7.8], using Method Radiosity as per the standard listed above.

Note:

The use of steel reinforcement within the sash and mullion of the profiles is advised when using dark coloured foils, and so to cover this, calculations are performed on the basis the window will be fully reinforced, including the outer frame, where required.



Introduction	04
Calculation Methods - England	05
System 10 Casement	06
System 10 Tilt & Turn	07
System 10 FlushSash	08
Rustique Casement	09
Rustique Tilt & Turn	10
Rustique FlushSash	11



Following further changes to the calculation methods within the building regulations, our Black & White Guide has received amendments to provide further options and flexibility to our customers.

Under the new regulations, there are more methods to calculate the values required to meet the notional U-Values of 1.2 W/m2K for windows going into new homes. For refurbishments in existing buildings, a U-Value of 1.4 W/m2K is required.

What are 'Notional', 'Actual' and 'Limiting' Values?

When designing a new dwelling the specifier has to consider the whole house energy demands of the building and these are set by having specific parameters for the various products in a building envelope, these are called the 'notional' values.

In England, windows on a new dwelling have a 'notional' value of 1.2, doors which are obscure or part glazed have a value of 1.0, walls are 0.18 and roofs are 0.11.

The specifier creates a 'notional' building, almost like a digital shadow of the building they intend to build, this notional building is the exact size, shape and orientation as the actual building.

Notional values are added and a target is set for the energy requirements specified by Government. They will then do the same calculation with the actual values of the products they intend using, and if the resulting calculation is equal to or less than the Government target, the building will pass. Once built they have to do this again to prove that any changes in the materials used on site have not affected the energy performance of the building.

As the values are often area weighted, meaning a higher value on one product can be offset by a lower value on another, this provides more flexibility for the specifier. However, the Government do limit the choice by setting values that are the worse performance, these are called the limiting values.

In a nutshell; for a new dwelling, the window has a Government set value for the notional building but you can use a lower value in the actual building as long as something else makes up the deficit.



Calculation Methods - ENGLAND -

WINDOWS

Option 1

Calculated using the actual size and configuration of the window.

Option 2

Calculated using a standard window size of 1.23m wide (\pm 25%) x 1.48m high (-25%), in the actual configuration of the window

Option 3

Calculated using a standard window size of 1.23m wide (\pm 25%) x 1.48m high (\pm 25%), in one of the following configurations:

- i. For a casement window, a central vertical divider with one opening light and one fixed light.
- ii. For a vertical sliding sash window, a central horizontal divider with two opening lights.
- iii. For a roof window, no divider.

Option 4

Measured using the hot-box method as set out in BS EN ISO 12567-1 for windows, and BS EN ISO 12567-2 for roof windows (hot-box test facilities are not currently available in GB).

DOORS

Option 1

Calculated using the actual size and configuration of the door.

Option 2

Calculated using one of the following standard sizes:

- i. 1.23m wide ($\pm 25\%$) x 2.18m ($\pm 25\%$) high, for doors ≤ 3.6 m²
- ii. 2.00m wide $(\pm 25\%)$ x 2.18m $(\pm 25\%)$ high, for doors > 3.6m²

Option 3

Measured using the hot-box method as set out in BS EN ISO 12567-1 (hot-box test facilities are not currently available in GB).

IMPORTANT NOTE:

When a single U-Value is calculated for a product range of doors, the configuration of the door chosen for the calculation should be the worst performing in the product range.

HALO System 10 Casement

Whole Window U-Value: 1.2 W/m2K



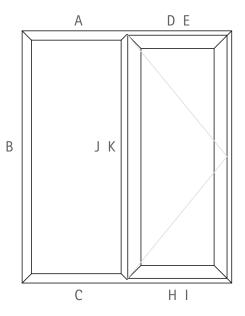
Configuration:

56mm Outer Frame	701501
Thermal Insert	709331
70mm Z Transom	702506
Steel Box	713187
75mm Internally Beaded Sash	703508
Steel P Section	713182
28mm Glazing Bead	707429

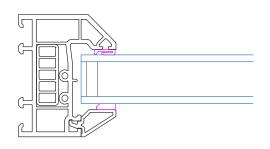
Glazing:

	3	
	Thickness	28mm (4/20/4)
	Gas Cavity	Argon Filled (90%)
	Centre Pane U-Value	1.1 W/m2k
	Pane 1	Standard Float (e.g. Pilkington Optifloat)
	Pane 2	Coated 0.01 (e.g. Pilkington Optitherm S1+)
	Spacer	Swisspacer Ultimate
	Sealant	Butyl – 3mm

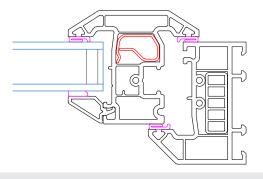
Calculation based on Option 3: 1230mm wide (\pm 25%) x 1480mm (-25%) high in fixed next to opener configuration

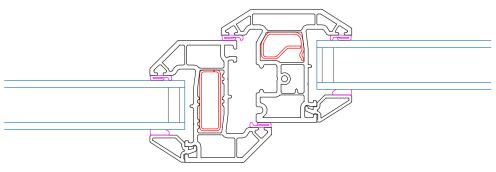


Sections A B C



Sections DE FG HI







HALO System 10 Tilt & Turn

Whole Window U-Value: 1.2 W/m2K

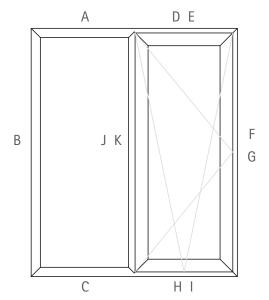
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56mm Outer Frame	701501
Thermal Insert	709331
70mm T Transom	702503
Steel Box	713187
Tilt & Turn Sash	703509
Steel L Section	713161
28mm Glazing Bead	707429

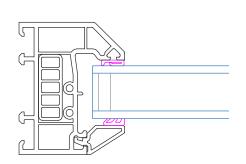
Calculation based on Option 3: 1230mm wide ($\pm 25\%$) x 1480mm (-25%) high in fixed next to opener configuration

Glazing:

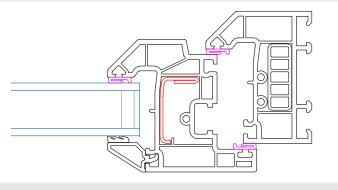
Thickness	28mm (4/20/4)
Gas Cavity	Argon Filled (90%)
Centre Pane U-Value	1.1 W/m2k
Pane 1	Standard Float (e.g. Pilkington Optifloat)
Pane 2	Coated 0.01 (e.g. Pilkington Optitherm S1+)
Spacer	Swisspacer Ultimate
Sealant	Butyl - 3mm

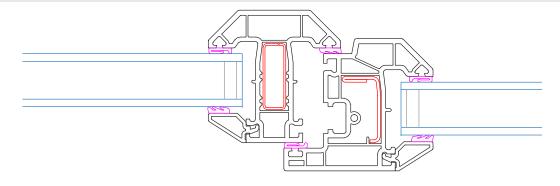


Sections A B C



Sections DE FG HI





HALO System 10 FlushSash

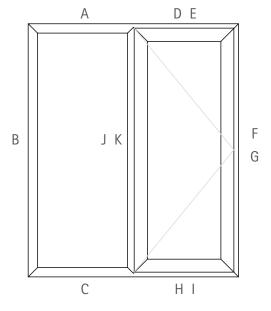
Whole Window U-Value: 1.2 W/m2K



Configuration:

56mm Outer Frame	701501
28mm Glazing Bead	707429
Thermal Insert	709331
70mm Z Transom	702506
Steel Box	713187
Flush Sash	703810
Steel L Section	713226
28mm Glazing Bead	707427

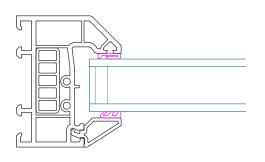
Calculation based on Option 3: 1230mm wide ($\pm 25\%$) x 1480mm (-25%) high in fixed next to opener configuration



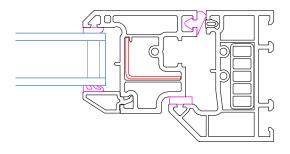
Glazing:

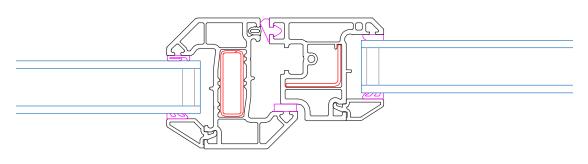
Glazifig.	
Thickness	28mm (4/20/4)
Gas Cavity	Argon Filled (90%)
Centre Pane U-Value	1.1 W/m2k
Pane 1	Standard Float (e.g. Pilkington Optifloat)
Pane 2	Coated 0.01 (e.g. Pilkington Optitherm S1+)
Spacer	Swisspacer Ultimate
Sealant	Butyl - 3mm

Sections A B C



Sections DE FG HI







HALO Rustique Casement

Whole Window U-Value: 1.2 W/m2K

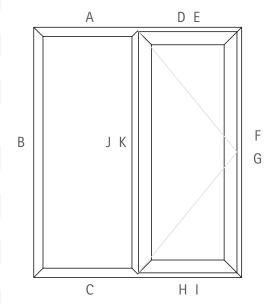
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56mm Outer Frame	701531	
Thermal Insert	709331	
70mm Z Transom	702536	
Steel Box	713187	
76mm Casement Sash	703538	
Steel P Section	713152	
28mm Glazing Bead	707431	

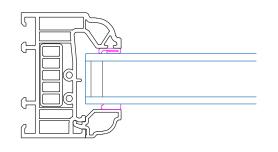
Calculation based on Option 3: 1230mm wide $(\pm 25\%)$ x 1480mm (-25%) high in fixed next to opener configuration

Glazing:

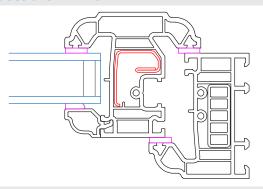
Thickness	28mm (4/20/4)
Gas Cavity	Argon Filled (90%)
Centre Pane U-Value	1.1 W/m2k
Pane 1	Standard Float (e.g. Pilkington Optifloat)
Pane 2	Coated 0.01 (e.g. Pilkington Optitherm S1+)
Spacer	Swisspacer Ultimate
Sealant	Butyl – 3mm

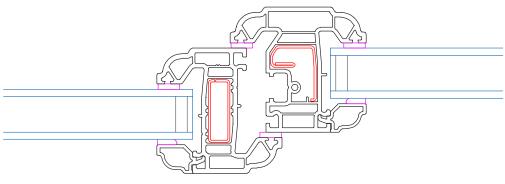


Sections A B C



Sections DE FG HI





HALO Rustique Tilt & Turn

Whole Window U-Value: 1.2 W/m2K



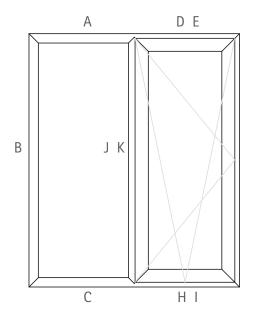
Configuration:

56mm Outer Frame	701531	
Thermal Insert	709331	
70mm T Transom	702533	
Steel Box	713187	
Tilt & Turn Sash	703539	
Steel L Section	713161	
24mm Glazing Bead	707431	

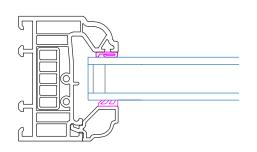
Glazing:

	J	
	Thickness	28mm (4/20/4)
	Gas Cavity	Argon Filled (90%)
	Centre Pane U-Value	1.1 W/m2k
	Pane 1	Standard Float (e.g. Pilkington Optifloat)
	Pane 2	Coated 0.01 (e.g. Pilkington Optitherm S1+)
	Spacer	Swisspacer Ultimate
	Sealant	Butyl - 3mm

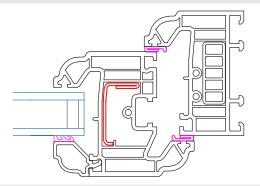
Calculation based on Option 3: 1230mm wide ($\pm 25\%$) x 1480mm (-25%) high in fixed next to opener configuration

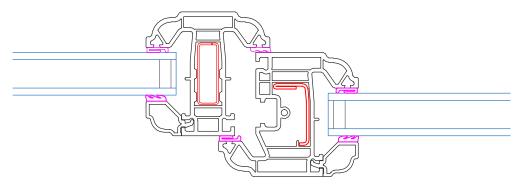


Sections A B C



Sections DE FG HI





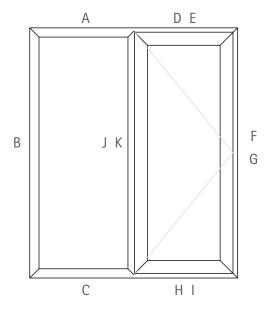


HALO Rustique FlushSash

Whole Window U-Value: 1.2 W/m2K

Configuration:	
56mm Outer Frame	701531
Thermal Insert	709331
28mm Glazing Bead	707431
70mm Z Transom	702536
Steel Box	713187
Flush Sash	703810
Steel L Section	713226
28mm Glazing Bead	707432

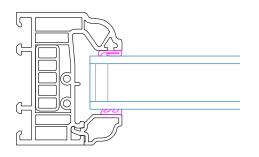
Calculation based on Option 3: 1230mm wide ($\pm 25\%$) x 1480mm (-25%) high in fixed next to opener configuration



Glazing:

Oluzing.	
Thickness	28mm (4/20/4)
Gas Cavity	Argon Filled (90%)
Centre Pane U-Value	1.1 W/m2k
Pane 1	Standard Float (e.g. Pilkington Optifloat)
Pane 2	Coated 0.01 (e.g. Pilkington Optitherm S1+)
Spacer	Swisspacer Ultimate
Sealant	Butyl – 3mm

Sections A B C



Sections DE FG HI

